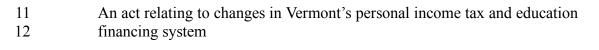
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1	H.911
2	Introduced by Committee on Ways and Means
3	Date:
4	Subject: Taxation; personal income tax; statewide education tax; municipal
5	taxes
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to make
7	numerous changes to Vermont's personal income tax and its system of
8	education financing.
9	For personal income taxes, the bill would :
10	• Create a Vermont personal exemption, standard deduction, and charitable
11	credit to replace Vermont's current reliance on federal definitions and its
12	current treatment of itemized deductions;
13	• Lower Vermont's marginal rates for personal income taxes;
14	• Exclude certain taxable Social Security benefits from State taxation.
15	In terms of education financing, the bill would:
16	• Alter the current structure of the homestead education property tax by:
17	$_{\odot}$ Providing each school district with a base payment equal to the
18	amount of per pupil education spending that could be supported by
19	fixed Education Fund revenues.
20	\circ For districts that choose to spend above the base amount, an
21	additional homestead tax rate would be equalized across those

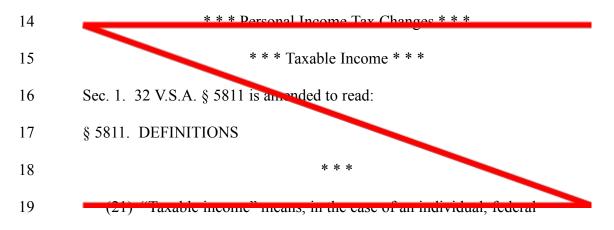
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1	districts, based on a single property tax yield.
2	• Create a school income tax surcharge to support education financing;
3	• Eliminate the General Fund Transfer and move several Education Fund
4	expenses to the General Fund;
5	• Commit all the revenue from the sales and use tax and a portion of the
6	meals and rooms tax to the Education Fund;
7	• Set the education funding parameters for fiscal year 2019, including the
8	property dollar equivalent yield and nonresidential property tax rate;
9	• Eliminate the excess spending penalty;

• Provide for separate municipal and statewide education tax billing. 10



13 It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:



H.911

1	adjusted gross income determined without regard to $26 \text{ USC} = \$ 168(k)$ and
2	* * *
3	(B) Decreased by the following items of income (to the extent such
4	income is included in federal adjusted gross income):
5	(i) income from U.S. government obligations;
6	(ii) with respect to adjusted net capital gain income as defined in
7	26 U.S.C. § 1(h) reduced by the total amount of any qualified dividend
8	income: either the first \$5,000.00 of such adjusted net capital gain income; or
9	40 percent of adjusted net capital gain income from the sale of assets held by
10	the taxpayer for more than three years, except not adjusted net capital gain
11	income from:
12	(I) the sale of any real estate or portion of real estate used by
13	the taxpayer as a primary or nonprimary residence; or
14	(II) the sale of depreciable personal property other than farm
15	property and standing timber; or stocks or bonds publicly traded or traded on
16	an exchange, or any other financial instruments; regardless of whether sold by
17	an individual or business; and provided that the total amount of decrease under
18	this subdivision (21)(B)(ii) shall not exceed 40 percent of federal taxable
19	income; and
20	(iii) recapture of State and local income tax deductions not taken
21	against vermont income tax, and

1	(iv) the portion of federally taxable benefits received under the
2	federal Social Security Act that is required to be excluded under section 5830e
3	of this chapter; and
4	(C) Decreased by the following exemptions and deductions:
5	(i) the amount of personal exemptions taken at the federal level <u>a</u>
6	personal exemption of \$4,150.00 per person for the taxpayer, for the spouse or
7	the deceased spouse of the taxpayer whose filing status under section 5822 of
8	this chapter is married filing a joint return or surviving spouse, and for each
9	individual qualifying as a dependent of the taxpayer under 26 U.S.C. § 152,
10	provided that no exemption may be claimed for an individual who is a
11	dependent of another taxpayer;
12	(ii) for taxpayers who do not itemize at the federal level, the
13	amount of the a standard deduction taken at the federal level determined as
14	<u>follows:</u>
15	(I) for taxpayers whose filing status under section 5822 of
16	this chapter is unmarried (other than surviving spouses or heads of households)
17	or married filing separate returns, \$6,000.00;
18	(II) for taxpayers whose filing status under section 5822 of
19	this chapter is head of household, \$9,000.00;
20	(III) for taxpayers whose filing status under section 5822 of
21	this chapter is married filing joint return or surviving spouse, \$12,000, and

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1	(iii) for taxpayers who itemize at the federal level:
2	(I) the amount of federally itemized deductions for medical and
3	dental expenses and charitable contributions;
4	(II) the total amount of federally itemized deductions, other
5	than deductions for State and local income taxes, medical and dental expenses,
6	and charitable contributions, deducted from federal adjusted gross income for
7	the taxable year, but in to event shall the amount under this subdivision
8	exceed two and one-half times the federal standard deduction allowable to the
9	taxpayer; and
10	(III) in no event shall the total amount of deductions allowed
11	under subdivisions (I) and (II) of this subdivision (21)(C)(iii) reduce the total
12	amount of itemized deductions below the federal standard deduction allowable
13	to the taxpayer an additional deduction of \$1,000.00 for each federal deduction
14	for which the taxpayer qualified and received under 26 U.S.C. § 63(f); and
15	(iv) the dollar amounts of the personal exemption allowed under
16	subdivision (i) of this subdivision (21)(C), the standard deduction allowed
17	under subdivision (ii) of this subdivision (21)(C), and the additional deduction
18	allowed under subdivision (iii) of this subdivision (21)(C) shall be adjusted
19	annually for inflation by the Commissioner of Taxes by using the percentage
20	increase in the Consumer Price Index beginning with taxable year 2019 and
21	ending with the taxable year in question. As used in this subdivision,

1	"consumer price index" means the last Consumer Price Index for All Urban
2	Consumers published by the U.S. Department of Labor.
3	* * *
4	* * * Personal Income Tax Rates * * *
5	Sec. 2. PERSONAL INCOME TAX RATES
6	(a) 2009 Spec. Sess. Acts and Resolves No. 2, Sec. 20 is repealed.
7	(b) For taxable year 2018 and after, income tax rates under 32 V.S.A.
8	§ 5822(a)(1)-(5), after taking into consideration any inflation adjustments to
9	taxable income as required by 32 V.S.A. § 5822(b)(2), shall be as follows:
10	(1) taxable income that without the passage of this act would have been
11	subject to a rate of 3.55 percent shall be taxed at the rate of 3.35 percent
12	instead;
13	(2) taxable income that without the passage of this act would have been
14	subject to a rate of 6.80 percent shall be taxed at the rate of 6.60 percent
15	instead;
16	(3) taxable income that without the passage of this act would have been
17	subject to a rate of 7.80 percent shall be taxed at the rate of 7.60 percent
18	instead;
19	(4) taxable income that without the passage of this act would have been
20	subject to a rate of 8.80 percent or 8.95 percent shall be taxed at the rate of
21	8.00 percent instead, the tax brackets for taxable income taxed at 8.80 percent

1	and 8.95 percent in taxable year 2017 shall be combined to be taxed at a rate
2	of a 60 for taxable year 2018 and after.
3	(c) When preparing the Vermont Statutes Annotated for publication, the
4	Office of Legislative Council shall revise the tables in 32 V.S.A. § 5822(a)(1)-
5	(5) to reflect the changes to the tax rates and tax brackets made in this section.
6	* * * Charitable Credit; Earned Income Tax Credit; Social Security Income;
7	Other Adjustments * * *
8	Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 5822 is amended to read:
9	§ 5822. TAX ON INCOME OF INDIVIDUALS, ESTATES, AND TRUSTS
10	(a) A tax is imposed for each taxable year upon the taxable income earned
11	or received in that year by every individual, estate, and trust, subject to income
12	taxation under the laws of the United States in an amount determined by the
13	following tables, and adjusted as required under this section:
14	* * *
15	(b) As used in this section:
16	(1) "Married individuals," "surviving spouse," "head of household,"
17	"unmarried individual," "estate," and "trust" have the same meaning as under
18	the Internal Revenue Code.
19	(2) The amounts of taxable income shown in the tables in this section
20	shall be adjusted annually for inflation by the Commissioner of Taxes, using
21	the Consumer Frice Index adjustment percentage, in the manner preseribed for

1	inflation adjustment of federal income tax tables for the taxable year by the
2	Columissioner of Internal Revenue, beginning with taxable year 2003
3	percentinge increase in the Consumer Price Index beginning with taxable year
4	2019 and ending with the taxable year in question. As used in this
5	subdivision, "consumer price index" means the last Consumer Price Index for
6	All Urban Consumers published by the U.S. Department of Labor.
7	* * *
8	(d)(1) A taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit against the tax imposed
9	under this section of 24 percent of each of the credits allowed against the
10	taxpayer's federal income tax for the taxable year as follows: credit for people
11	who are elderly or permanently totally disabled, investment tax credit
12	attributable to the Vermont-property portion of the investment, and child care
13	and dependent care credits.
14	* * *
15	(3) Individuals shall receive a nonrefundable charitable contribution
16	credit against the tax imposed under this section for the taxable year. The
17	credit shall be five percent of the first \$10,000.00 in charitable contributions
18	made during the taxable year that are allowable under 26 U.S.C. § 70. This
19	credit shall be available irrespective of a taxpayer's election not to itemize at
20	the federal level.
21	

1	Sec. $A = 32$ V S A = 8 5828b(a) is amended to read:
2	(1) A resident individual or part-year resident individual who is entitled to
3	an earned income tax credit granted under the laws of the United States shall
4	be entitled to a credit against the tax imposed for each year by section 5822 of
5	this title. The credit shall be $\frac{32}{35}$ percent of the earned income tax credit
6	granted to the individual under the laws of the United States, multiplied by the
7	percentage which the individual's earned income that is earned or received
8	during the period of the individual's residency in this State bears to the
9	individual's total earned incom
10	Sec. 5. 32 V.S.A. § 5830e is added to read:
11	<u>§ 5830e. SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME</u>
12	The portion of federally taxable Social Security benefits excluded from
13	taxable income under subdivision 5811(21)(B)(v) of this chapter shall be as
14	<u>follows:</u>
15	(1) For taxpayers whose filing status is single, married filing separately,
16	head of household, or qualifying widow or widower:
17	(A) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is less than
18	or equal to \$45,000.00, all federally taxable benefits received under the federal
19	Social Security Act shall be excluded.
20	(B) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is greater
21	than \$45,000.00 but less than \$55,000.00, the percentage of federally taxable

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1	benefits received under the Social Security Act to be excluded shall be
2	proportional to the amount of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income
3	over \$45,000.00, determined by:
4	(i) subtracting the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer
5	<u>from \$55,000.00;</u>
6	(ii) dividing the value under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (B)
7	<u>by \$10,000.00; and</u>
8	(iii) multiplying the value under subdivision (ii) of this
9	subdivision (B) by the federally taxable benefits received under the Social
10	Security Act.
11	(C) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is equal to or
12	greater than \$55,000.00, no amount of the rederally taxable benefits received
13	under the Social Security Act shall be excluded under this section.
14	(2) For taxpayers whose filing status is married filing jointly:
15	(A) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is less than
16	or equal to \$60,000.00, all federally taxable benefits received under the Social
17	Security Act shall be excluded.
18	(B) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is greater
19	than \$60,000.00 but less than \$70,000.00, the percentage of federally taxable
20	benefits received under the Social Security Act to be excluded shall be
21	proportional to the amount of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income

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1	over \$60,000.00_determined by:
2	(i) subtracting the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer
3	<u>from \$10,000.00;</u>
4	(ii) dividing the value under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (B)
5	<u>by \$10,000.00; and</u>
6	(iii) multiplying the value under subdivision (ii) of this
7	subdivision (B) by the rederally taxable benefits received under the Social
8	Security Act.
9	(C) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is equal to or
10	greater than \$70,000.00, no amount of the federally taxable benefits received
11	under the Social Security Act shall be excluded under this section.
12	Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 5813 is amended to read:
13	§ 5813. STATUTORY PURPOSES
14	* * *
15	(w) The statutory purpose of the partial exemption of federally taxable
16	benefits under the Social Security Act in section 5830e of this title is to lessen
17	the tax burden on Vermonters with low to moderate income why derive part of
18	their income from Social Security payments.
19	Sec. 6a. 32 V.S.A. § 5824 is amended to read:
20	§ 5824. ADOPTION OF FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAWS
21	The statutes of the United States relating to the federal income tax, as in

1	effect for taxable year 2016 2017, but without regard to federal income tax
2	rates under 26 U.S.C. § 1, are hereby adopted for the purpose of computing the
3	tax liability under this chapter.
4	* * * Education Financing Changes * * *
5	* * * Income Taxes * * *
6	Sec. 7. 32 V.S.A. § 5822a is added to read:
7	<u>§ 5822a. SCHOOL INCOME TAX SURCHARGE</u>
8	(a) In addition to the income tax assessed under section 5822 of this title,
9	there shall be imposed a school income tax on individual taxpayers calculated
10	<u>as follows:</u>
11	(1) an amount equal to 0.1 percent multiplied by the taxable income of (1)
12	the taxpayer taxed at the rate of 3.35 percent under subdivisions 5822(a)(1)-(5)
13	of this title; plus
14	(2) an amount equal to 0.5 percent multiplied by the taxable income of (2)
15	the taxpayer taxed at the rate of 6.60 percent under subdivisions 5822(a)(1)-(5)
16	of this title; plus
17	(3) an amount equal to 0.5 percent multiplied by the taxable income of
18	the taxpayer taxed at the rate of 7.60 percent under subdivisions $5812(a)(1)-(5)$
19	of this title; plus
20	(4) an amount equal to 1.0 percent multiplied by the taxable income of
21	the taxpayer taxed at the rate of 8.00 percent under subdivisions 3822(a)(1)-(3)

1	of this title			
2	(b) The school income tax surcharge shall be assessed and administered in			
3	the same manner as the personal income tax imposed under section 5822 of			
4	this title. The school income tax surcharge shall be assessed against each filer			
5	regardless of the filing status under section 5822 of this title.			
6	* * Allocation of Education Funds * * *			
7	Sec. 8. 16 V.S.A. § 4025 is amended to read:			
8	§ 4025. EDUCATION FUND			
9	(a) The Education Fund is established to comprise the following:			
10	(1) All <u>all</u> revenue paid to the State from the statewide education tax on			
11	nonresidential and homestead property under 32 V.S.A. chapter 135-;			
12	(2) For each fiscal year, the amount of the general funds appropriated			
13	and transferred to the Education Fund shall be 3305,900,000.00, to be			
14	increased annually beginning for fiscal year 2018 by the consensus Joint Fiscal			
15	Office and Administration determination of the National Income and Product			
16	Accounts (NIPA) Implicit Price Deflator for State and Local Government			
17	Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment as reported by the U.S.			
18	Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis through the fiscal			
19	year for which the payment is being determined, plus an additional one tenth			
20	of one percent. [Repealed.]			
21	(3) Revenues revenues from State joueries under 31 V.S.A. chapter 14,			

1	and from any multijurisdictional lottery game authorized under that chapter :			
2	(4) 25 percent of the revenues from the rooms tax imposed by 32 V.S.A.			
3	§ 9241(a) and from the meals tax imposed by 32 V.S.A. § 9241(b);			
4	(5) One-third one-third of the revenues raised from the purchase and use			
5	tax imposed by 32 V.S.A. chapter 219, notwithstanding 19 V.S.A. § 11(1).			
6	(6) Thirty-suppercent of the revenues raised from the sales and use tax			
7	imposed by 32 V.S.A. chapter 233-;			
8	(7) Medicaid reimbursement funds pursuant to subsection 2959a(f) of			
9	this title <u>; and</u>			
10	(8) revenues from the school income tax surcharge imposed by			
11	<u>32 V.S.A. § 5822a</u> .			
12	(b) Monies in the Education Fund shall be used for the following:			
13	(1) To make payments to school districts and supervisory unions for the			
14	support of education in accordance with the provisions of section 4028 of this			
15	title, other provisions of this chapter, and the provisions of 32 V.S.A.			
16	chapter 135, to make payments to carry out programs of adult education in			
17	accordance with section 945 of this title, and to provide funding for the			
18	community high school of Vermont; however, no payments from the			
19	Education Fund shall be used to fund initiatives under subchapter 2 of			
20	chapter 23 of this title.			
21				

(3) To make payments required under 32 V S A -8.6066(a)(1) and (2)

	and only that portion attributable to education taxes, as determined by the		
	Commissioner of Taxes, of payments required under 32 V.S.A. § $6066(a)(3)(4)$		
	and 6066(b) The State Treasurer shall withdraw funds from the Education		
	Fund upon warrants issued by the Commissioner of Finance and Management		
	based on information supplied by the Commissioner of Taxes. The		
	Commissioner of Finance and Management may draw warrants for		
	disbursements from the Fund in anticipation of receipts. All balances in the		
	Fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain a part of		
	the Fund. Interest accruing from the Fund shall remain in the Fund.		
1	* * *		
2	Sec. 9. 32 V.S.A. § 435(b) is amended to read:		
3	(b) The General Fund shall be composed or revenues from the following		
4	sources:		
5	* * *		
6	(5) Individual individual income taxes levied pursuant to chapter 151 of		
7	this title, except for the individual school income tax surcharge imposed by		
8	section 5822a of this title;		
9	* * *		
10	(7) Meals and rooms taxes levied pursuant to chapter 225 of this title		
11	75 percent of the rooms tax levied under subsection 9241(a) of this title,		

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1	75 percent of the meals tax levied under subsection 9241(b) of this title, and			
2	all f the alcoholic beverage tax levied under subsection 9241(c) of this title;			
3	* * *			
4	(11) 64 percent of the revenue from sales and use taxes levied pursuant			
5	to chapter 233 of this title; [Repealed.]			
6	* * *			
	Sec. 9a. REPORT			
	On or before January 1, 2024, the Joint Fiscal Office shall report to the			
	House Committees on Appropriations and on Ways and Means and the Senate			
	Committees on Appropriations and on Finance on the impact of the changes in			
	Secs. 8 and 9 of this act reallocating the revenues generated for the General			
	Fund and Education Fund.			
7	* * * Calculation of Homestead Property Tax Rates * * *			
8	Sec. 10. 32 V.S.A. § 5401 is amended to read:			
9	§ 5401. DEFINITIONS			
10	As used in this chapter:			
11	* * *			
12	(13)(A)(i) "Education For districts with education spending per			
13	equalized pupil that is equal to or in excess of the base spending amount			
14	<u>"education</u> property tax spending adjustment" means the greater of: one or a			
15	fraction in which the numerator is the district's education spending plus excess			

1	spending, per equalized pupil, above the base spending amount for the school			
2	year: and the denominator is the property dollar equivalent yield for the school			
3	year, as defined in subdivision (15) of this section.			
4	(ii) For districts with education spending per equalized pupil that			
5	is less than the case spending amount, the education property tax spending			
6	adjustment shall be zero.			
7	(B) "Education income tax spending adjustment" means the greater			
8	of: one or a fraction in which the numerator is the district's education			
9	spending plus excess spending, per equalized pupil, for the school year; and			
10	the denominator is the income dollar equivalent yield for the school year, as			
11	defined in subdivision (16) of this section. [Repealed.]			
12	* * *			
13	(15) "Property dollar equivalent yield" means the amount of education			
14	spending per equalized pupil that would result if the homestead tax rate were			
15	\$1.00 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value, and the statutory			
16	reserves under 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and section 5402b of this title were			
17	maintained, calculated as if total statewide education spending per equalized			
18	pupil were equal to the total statewide education spending per equalized pupil			
19	minus the total statewide base spending amount per equalized pupil.			
20	(16) "Income dollar equivalent yield" means the amount of spending per			
21	equalized pupil-that would result if the income percentage in subdivision			

1	6066(a)(2) of this title were 2.0 percent, and the statutory reserves under		
2	16 V.S.A. § 4026 and section 5402b of this title were maintained. "Base		
3	income percentage" means a percentage set by the General Assembly each		
4	year under 32 V.S.A. § 5402b(b).		
5	(17) "Base spending amount" means the amount that results from the		
6	following calculation:		
	(A) the sum of the total projected Education Fund revenue sources under 16 V.S.A. § 4025(a)(1)-(8)(7) for the following fiscal year, plus any		
	surplus from the prior fiscal year, minus the total projected amount of revenue raised by the statewide education homestead tax in the following fiscal year, without regard to any adjustment under chapter 154 of this title; minus		
(B) an amount equal to the projected Education Fund expension			
	for the following fiscal year, minus the projected education payments under		
	16 V.S.A. § 4028 for the following fiscal year, and minus plus any projected		
	transfer to the Education Fund Budget Stabilization Reserve Fund established		
	<u>under 16 V.S.A. § 4026; plus</u>		
7	(C) the projected amount of revenue raised by the statewide		
8	education homestead tax that would result if the homestead tax rate were \$1.00		
9	per \$100.00 of equalized education property value in the following fiscal year;		

10 <u>divided by</u>

11

1	fiscal year			
2	* * *			
3	Sec. 11, 32 V.S.A. § 5402 is amended to read:			
4	§ 5402. EDUCATION PROPERTY TAX LIABILITY			
5	(a) A statewide education tax is imposed on all nonresidential and			
6	homestead property at the following rates:			
7	(1) The tax rate for nonresidential property shall be \$1.59 per \$100.00.			
8	(2) The tax rate for homestead property shall be \$1.00 multiplied by			
9	plus the education property tax pending adjustment for the municipality per			
10	\$100.00 of equalized education property value as most recently determined			
11	under section 5405 of this title. The homestead property tax rate for each			
12	municipality which that is a member of a union or unified union school district			
13	shall be calculated as required under subsection (e) of this section.			
14	(b) The statewide education tax shall be calculated as follows:			
15	* * *			
16	(2) Taxes assessed under this section shall be assessed and collected in			
17	the same manner as taxes assessed under chapter 133 of this title with no tax			
18	classification other than as homestead or nonresidential property; provided,			
19	however, that the tax levied under this chapter shall be billed to each taxpayer			
20	by the municipality separately from any other tax assessed and collected under			
21	chapter 155.			

1	* * *		
2	Sec. 12. 32 V.S.A. § 5402b is amended to read:		
3	§ 54021 STATEWIDE EDUCATION TAX YIELDS;		
4	RECOMMENDATION OF THE COMMISSIONER		
5	(a) Annually, no later than on or before December 1, the Commissioner of		
6	Taxes, after consultation with the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of		
7	Administration, and the Joint Fiscal Office, shall calculate and recommend a		
8	property dollar equivalent yield, an income dollar equivalent yield a base		
9	income percentage, and a nonresidential property tax rate for the following		
10	fiscal year. In making these calculations, the Commissioner shall assume:		
11	(1) the homestead base tax rate in subdivision $5402(a)(2)$ of this title is		
12	\$1.00 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value;		
	(2) the applicable base income percentage in subdivision $6066(a)(2)$.		
	5401(16) of this title is 2.0 the same that was used to the prior fiscal year:		
	[<i>Repealed</i> .] (3) the statutory reserves under 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and this section were		
	are maintained at five percent; and		
13	(4) the percentage change in the median <u>average</u> education tax bill		
14	applied to nonresidential property, and the percentage change in the median		
15	average education tax bill of homestead property, and the percentage change in		
16	the median average education tax bill for taxpayers who claim an adjustment		

1	under subsection 6066(a) of this title are equal		
2	b) For each fiscal year, the General Assembly shall set a property dollar		
3	equivalent yield and an income dollar equivalent yield, and a base income		
4	percentage consistent with the definitions in this chapter.		
5	* * *		
6	(d) Annually, on or about January 15, the Joint Fiscal Office and Secretary		
7	of Administration shall provide to the Emergency Board a calculation of the		
8	base spending amount for the upcoming fiscal year. The Emergency Board		
9	shall review the calculation at its January meeting and shall adopt a base		
10	spending amount for the upcoming fiscal year.		
	Sec. 12a. COST CONTAINMENT		
	The General Assembly intends that the changes to the calculation of		
	spending adjusted homestead tax rates in this art will lead to cost containment		
	by increasing the tax cost for each additional dollar of education spending over the cost under the law prior to this act.		
11	* * * Property Tax Adjustments * * *		
12	Sec. 13. 32 V.S.A. § 6066 is amended to read:		
13	§ 6066. COMPUTATION OF ADJUSTMENT		
14	(a) An eligible claimant who owned the homestead on April 1 of the year		
15	in which the claim is filed shall be entitled to an adjustment amount		
16	determined as follows.		

1	(1)(A). For a claimant with household income of \$90,000,00 or more:			
2	(i) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized			
3	value of the housesite in the taxable year;			
4	(ii) minus (if less) the sum of:			
5	(1) the income percentage of household income for the taxable			
6	year; plus			
7	(II) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the			
8	equalized value of the housisite in the taxable year in excess of \$250,000.00.			
9	(B) For a claimant with household income of less than \$90,000.00			
10	but more than \$47,000.00, the state vide education tax rate, multiplied by the			
11	equalized value of the housesite in the traable year, minus (if less) the sum of:			
12	(i) the income percentage of household income for the taxable			
13	year; plus			
14	(ii) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized			
15	value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$100,000.00			
16	<u>\$400,000.00</u> .			
17	(C) For a claimant whose household income does not exceed			
18	\$47,000.00, the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value			
19	of the housesite in the taxable year, minus the lesser of:			
20	(i) the sum of the income percentage of household income for the			
21	taxable year plus the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized			

1	value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$500,000.00			
2	<u>\$400,000.00;</u> or			
3	(ii) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized			
4	value of the housesite in the taxable year reduced by \$15,000.00.			
5	(2) "Income percentage" in this section means two percent, the base			
6	income percentage dopted by the General Assembly for the fiscal year, plus			
7	the base income percentage multiplied by the education income property tax			
8	spending adjustment under subdivision $5401(13)$ (B)(A) of this title for the			
9	property tax year which that begins in the claim year for the municipality in			
10	which the homestead residence is located.			
11	(3) A claimant whose household income does not exceed \$47,000.00			
12	shall also be entitled to an additional adjustment amount from the claimant's			
13	municipal taxes for the upcoming fiscal year that is equal to the amount by			
14	which the municipal property taxes for the municipal fiscal year which that			
15	began in the taxable year upon the claimant's housesite, reduced by the			
16	adjustment amount determined under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this			
17	subsection, exceeds a percentage of the claimant's household income for the			
18	taxable year as follows:			
19	If household income (rounded to then the taxpayer is entitled by			
20	the nearest dollar) is: credit for the reduced property tax in			
21				

21

BILL AS PASSED BY THE HOUSE AND SENATE 2018

1	00 999 <u>9 -</u> 00 0*	2.0.1.50	
2	\$10,000.00 - 24,999.00	4.5 <u>3.00</u>	
3	\$25,000.00 - 47,000.00	5.0 <u>3.00</u>	
4	(4) A claimant whose household income does not exceed \$47,000.00		
5	shall also be emitled to an additional adjustment amount from the claimant's		
6	statewide education tax for the upcoming fiscal year that is equal to the		
7	amount by which the education property tax for the municipal fiscal year that		
8	began in the taxable year upon the claimant's housesite, reduced by the		
9	adjustment amount determined under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this		
10	subsection, exceeds a percentage of the claimant's household income for the		
11	taxable year as follows:		
12	If household income (rounded to there	the taxpayer is entitled to	
13	the nearest dollar) is: credit for	he reduced property tax in	
14	excess of	this percent of that income:	
15	<u>\$0.00 - 9,999.00</u>	<u>0.5</u>	
16	<u>\$10,000.00 - 24,999.00</u>	<u>1.5</u>	
17	<u>\$25,000.00 - 47,000.00</u> <u>2.0</u>		
	(4)(5) In no event shall the credit provided for in subdivision (3) or (4)		
	of this subsection exceed the amount of the reduced property tax. <u>The</u>		
	adjustments under subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection shall be		
	calculated considering only the tax due on the first \$400,000.00 in equalized		

1 * * * 2 Sec. 14 32 V.S.A. § 6066a(f) is amended to read: 3 (f) Property tax bills. 4 (1) For taxpayers and amounts stated in the notice to towns on July 1, municipalities shall create and send to taxpayers a homestead property tax bill, 5 instead of the bill required under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of this title, providing 6 7 the total amount allocated to payment of homestead education property tax liabilities and notice of the balance due. Nothing in this subdivision, however, 8 9 shall be interpreted as altering the requirement under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of this title that the statewide education homestead tax be billed separately from 10 any other tax. Municipalities shall apply the amount allocated under this 11 12 chapter to current-year property taxes in equal amounts to each of the 13 taxpayers' property tax installments that include education taxes. 14 Notwithstanding section 4772 of this title, if a town issues a corrected bill as a 15 result of the November 1 notice sent by the Commissioner under subsection (a) 16 of this section, issuance of such the corrected new bill does not extend the time 17 for payment of the original bill, nor relieve the taxpayer of any interest or 18 penalties associated with the original bill. If the corrected bill is less than the 19 original bill, and there are also no unpaid current year current-year taxes, 20 interest, or penalties and no past year past-year definquent taxes or penalties

charges, any overnayment shall be reflected on the corrected tay and interact 1 2 billand refunded to the taxpayer. 3 4 Sec. 14a. XV.S.A. § 6067 is amended to read: § 6067. CREDIT LIMITATIONS 5 6 Only one individual per household per taxable year shall be entitled to a 7 benefit under this chapter. An individual who received a homestead exemption or adjustment with respect o property taxes assessed by another state for the 8 taxable year shall not be entitled to receive an adjustment under this chapter. 9 10 No taxpayer shall receive an adjustment under subsection 6066(b) of this title in excess of \$3,000.00. No taxpayer shall receive total adjustments under this 11 12 chapter in excess of \$8,000.00 related to any one property tax year an adjustment under 6066(a)(3) of this title greater than \$2,400.00 or cumulative 13 adjustment under 6066(a)(1)-(2) and (4) of this title greater than \$5,600.00. 14 15 * * * Yield, Applicable Percentage and Nonresidential Rate for Fiscal Year 2019 * * * 16 Sec. 15. PROPERTY DOLLAR EQUIVALENT YIELD AND BASE 17 18 **INCOME PERCENTAGE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019** 19 (a) Pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402b(b), for fiscal year 2019 only, the 20 property dollar equivalent yield shall be \$8,500.00. 21 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for fiscal year 2019 only.

1	the base income percentage under 32 VSA_& 5401(16) shall be 1.66 percent
2	Sec. 16. NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY TAX RATE FOR FISCAL YEAR
3	2019
4	Notwith tanding any other provision of law, for fiscal year 2019 only, the
5	nonresidential education property tax imposed under 32 V.S.A. § 5402(a)(2)
6	shall be \$1.591 per \$100.00.
7	* * * Excess Spending * * *
8	Sec. 17. REPEALS
9	The following are repealed:
10	(1) 16 V.S.A. § 4001(6)(B) (definition of education spending for the
11	purpose of excess spending).
12	(2) 32 V.S.A. § 5401(12) (excess spending penalty).
13	Sec. 18. 16 V.S.A. § 4011(i) is amended to read:
14	(i) Annually, by on or before October 1, the Secretary shall send to school
15	boards for inclusion in town reports and publish on the Agency website the
16	following information:
17	(1) the statewide average district spending per equalized pupil for the
18	current fiscal year; and 125 percent of that average spending; and
19	(2) a statewide comparison of student-teacher ratios among schools that
20	are similar in number of students and number of grades.
21	Sec. 19. 24 V.S.A. § 2804(0) is amended to read.

1	(b) If a reserve fund is established under subsection (a) of this section to
2	pay a school district's future school capital construction costs approved under
3	16 V.S.A. chapter 123, any funds raised by the district as part of its education
4	spending to pay for those future costs shall be considered "approved school
5	capital construction spending" in calculating excess spending under 32 V.S.A.
6	$\frac{5401(12)}{12}$. Districts shall submit to the Agency of Education annually a
7	report of deposits into and expenditures from a school capital construction
8	reserve fund. If the Agency of Education determines that any amount in the
9	reserve fund has not been used for approved school capital construction within
10	five years after deposit into the fund, then 150 percent of that amount shall be
11	added to the district's education spending in the then-current year for purposes
12	of calculating the excess spending penalty. The definitions in 16 V.S.A.
13	chapter 133 shall apply to this subsection.
14	* * * Teachers' Normal Retirement * * *
15	Sec. 20. 16 V.S.A. § 4001 is amended to read:
16	§ 4001. DEFINITIONS
17	As used in this chapter:
18	* * *
19	(6) "Education spending" means the amount of the school distric
20	budget, any assessment for a joint contract school, career technical center
21	payments made on behalf of the district under subsection 1501(b) of this title,

1	and any amount added to pay a deficit pursuant to 24 VS A § 1523(b) that is
2	pail for by the school district, and the portion of the payments to the Vermont
3	Teachers' Retirement Fund for the normal contribution made in accordance
4	with subsection 1944(c) of this title, which is attributable to the school district,
5	but excluding any portion of the school budget paid for from any other sources
6	such as endowment, parental fund raising fund-raising, federal funds,
7	nongovernmental grante or other State funds such as special education funds
8	paid under chapter 101 of this title.
9	* * *
10	* * * Repeal of Act 46 Rate Limitations * * *
11	Sec. 21. ACT 46 TAX RATE LIMITATIONS
12	(a) "Five percent provision" means collectively the provisions in 2010 Acts
13	and Resolves No. 153, 2012 Acts and Resolves No.156, and 2015 Acts and
14	Resolves No. 46, limiting a town's equalized home tead property tax rate
15	increase or decrease and related household income percentage adjustments to
16	five percent in a single year during the years in which the corresponding tax
17	rate reductions apply to a new union school district's equalized unified
18	homestead property tax rate.
19	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the Sunderland School
20	District, Mt. Tabor School District, and any district that does not operate a
21	school, and pays tuition for all resident students in kindergarten through grade

12 and	that merged operations by July 1, 2019 under Act 46 of 2015 into a
<u>district</u>	that does not operate a school, the five percent provision shall not be
applied	to limit any reduction in that district's equalized homestead property
tax rate	or related household income percentage adjustments. For any other
school	district, the five percent provision shall not apply.
<u>(b)(</u> 1	1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for all of the following
<u>district</u>	s, the five percent provision shall continue to apply, except that the five
percent	provision shall not be applied to limit any reduction in that district's
<u>equaliz</u>	ed homestead property wax rate or related household income percentage
<u>adjustn</u>	nents:
	(A) any merged district within the Taconic and Green Regional
<u>School</u>	<u>District;</u>
	(B) any merged district within the NEX Choice School District; and
	(C) any district that merged operations after the passage of this act,
but bef	ore July 1, 2019 under 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 46, Sec. 7, and

whose first fiscal year of operation is fiscal year 2020.

(2) For any school district not listed in subdivision (1) of the subsection,

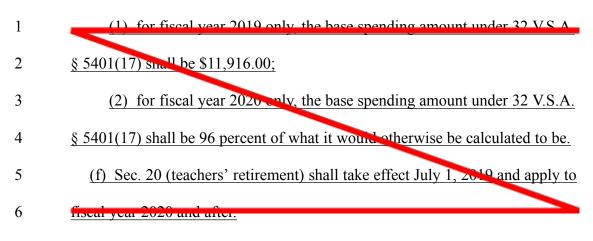
the five percent provision shall not apply.

* * * Billing Assistance for Towns * * *

Sec. 21a. BILLING ASSISTANCE FOR TOWNS

Tor fiscal year 2019, there is appropriated from the equalization and

	reappraisal account established in the Education Fund under 16 VS A
	§ 4925(c), the amount of \$200,000.00 for the Commissioner of Taxes to assist
	towns with the costs associated with issuing separate municipal and education
	tax bills unler this act.
1	* * * Effective Dates; Transition * * *
2	Sec. 22. EFFECTIVE DATES AND TRANSITION
3	(a) This section shall take effect on passage.
4	(b) Notwithstanding 1 (S.A. § 214, Secs. 1-6 (income tax changes) shall
5	take effect retroactively on January 1, 2018 and apply to taxable year 2018 and
6	after.
7	(c) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 6a (annual update of income tax
8	link to the IRC) shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2017 and apply to
9	taxable years beginning on January 1, 2017 and after.
10	(d) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 7 (school income tax surcharge)
11	shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2018 and apply to taxable year
12	2018 and after. Notwithstanding any other provision of law for taxable year
13	2018 only, no interest or penalty shall be assessed for the underpayment of
14	estimated tax for any individual taxpayer resulting from a liability to pay the
15	school income tax surcharge imposed under 32 V.S.A. § 5822a.
16	(e) Secs. 8-19 and 21 (education financing changes) shall take effect on
17	July 1, 2018 and apply to fiscal year 2019 and after, except that,



* * * Personal Income Tax Changes * * *

* * * Taxable Income * * *

Sec. 1. 32 V.S.A. § 5811 is amended to read:

§ 5811. DEFINITIONS

* * *

(21) "Taxable income" means, in the case of an individual, federal adjusted gross income determined without regard to 26 U.S.C. § 168(k) and:

* * *

(B) Decreased by the following items of income (to the extent such income is included in federal adjusted gross income):

(i) income from U.S. government obligations;

(ii) with respect to adjusted net capital gain income as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 1(h) reduced by the total amount of any qualified dividend income: either the first \$5,000.00 of such adjusted net capital gain income; or 40 percent of adjusted net capital gain income from the sale of assets held by

the taxpayer for more than three years, except not adjusted net capital gain income from:

(*I*) the sale of any real estate or portion of real estate used by the taxpayer as a primary or nonprimary residence; or

(II) the sale of depreciable personal property other than farm property and standing timber; or stocks or bonds publicly traded or traded on an exchange, or any other financial instruments; regardless of whether sold by an individual or business; and provided that the total amount of decrease under this subdivision (21)(B)(ii) shall not exceed 40 percent of federal taxable income; and

(iii) recapture of State and local income tax deductions not taken against Vermont income tax; and

(iv) the portion of federally taxable benefits received under the federal Social Security Act that is required to be excluded under section 5830e of this chapter; and

(C) Decreased by the following exemptions and deductions:

(i) the amount of personal exemptions taken at the federal level <u>a</u> personal exemption of \$4,150.00 per person for the taxpayer, for the spouse or the deceased spouse of the taxpayer whose filing status under section 5822 of this chapter is married filing a joint return or surviving spouse, and for each individual qualifying as a dependent of the taxpayer under 26 U.S.C. § 152, provided that no exemption may be claimed for an individual who is a dependent of another taxpayer;

(ii) for taxpayers who do not itemize at the federal level, the amount of the <u>a</u> standard deduction taken at the federal level <u>determined as</u> follows:

(1) for taxpayers whose filing status under section 5822 of this chapter is unmarried (other than surviving spouses or heads of households) or married filing separate returns, \$6,000.00;

(II) for taxpayers whose filing status under section 5822 of this chapter is head of household, \$9,000.00;

(III) for taxpayers whose filing status under section 5822 of this chapter is married filing joint return or surviving spouse, \$12,000.00; and

(iii) for taxpayers who itemize at the federal level:

(1) the amount of federally itemized deductions for medical and dental expenses and charitable contributions;

(II) the total amount of federally itemized deductions, other than deductions for State and local income taxes, medical and dental expenses, and charitable contributions, deducted from federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year; but in no event shall the amount under this subdivision exceed two and one-half times the federal standard deduction allowable to the taxpayer; and (III) in no event shall the total amount of deductions allowed under subdivisions (I) and (II) of this subdivision (21)(C)(iii) reduce the total amount of itemized deductions below the federal standard deduction allowable to the taxpayer an additional deduction of \$1,000.00 for each federal deduction for which the taxpayer qualified and received under 26 U.S.C. § 63(f); and

(iv) the dollar amounts of the personal exemption allowed under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (21)(C), the standard deduction allowed under subdivision (ii) of this subdivision (21)(C), and the additional deduction allowed under subdivision (iii) of this subdivision (21)(C) shall be adjusted annually for inflation by the Commissioner of Taxes beginning with taxable year 2018 by using the Consumer Price Index and the same methodology as used for adjustments under 26 U.S.C. § 1(f)(3); provided however, that as used in this subdivision "consumer price index" means the last Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the U.S. Department of Labor.

* * * Personal Income Tax Rates * * *

* * *

Sec. 2. PERSONAL INCOME TAX RATES

(a) 2009 Spec. Sess. Acts and Resolves No. 2, Sec. 20 is repealed.

(b) For taxable year 2018 and after, income tax rates under 32 V.S.A. § 5822(a)(1)-(5), after taking into consideration any inflation adjustments to

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taxable income as required by 32 V.S.A. § 5822(b)(2), shall be as follows:

(1) taxable income that without the passage of this act would have been subject to a rate of 3.55 percent shall be taxed at the rate of 3.35 percent instead;

(2) taxable income that without the passage of this act would have been subject to a rate of 6.80 percent shall be taxed at the rate of 6.60 percent instead;

(3) taxable income that without the passage of this act would have been subject to a rate of 7.80 percent shall be taxed at the rate of 7.60 percent instead;

(4) taxable income that without the passage of this act would have been subject to a rate of 8.80 percent or 8.95 percent shall be taxed at the rate of 8.75 percent instead; the tax brackets for taxable income taxed at 8.80 percent and 8.95 percent in taxable year 2017 shall be combined to be taxed at a rate of 8.75 percent for taxable year 2018 and after.

(c) When preparing the Vermont Statutes Annotated for publication, the
Office of Legislative Council shall revise the tables in 32 V.S.A. § 5822(a)(1) (5) to reflect the changes to the tax rates and tax brackets made in this section.
*** Charitable Credit; Earned Income Tax Credit; Social Security Income;

Other Adjustments * * *

Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 5822 is amended to read:

§ 5822. TAX ON INCOME OF INDIVIDUALS, ESTATES, AND TRUSTS

(a) A tax is imposed for each taxable year upon the taxable income earned or received in that year by every individual, estate, and trust, subject to income taxation under the laws of the United States, in an amount determined by the following tables, and adjusted as required under this section:

* * *

(b) As used in this section:

(1) "Married individuals," "surviving spouse," "head of household," "unmarried individual," "estate," and "trust" have the same meaning as under the Internal Revenue Code.

(2) The amounts of taxable income shown in the tables in this section shall be adjusted annually for inflation by the Commissioner of Taxes, using the Consumer Price Index adjustment percentage, in the manner prescribed for inflation adjustment of federal income tax tables for the taxable year by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, beginning with taxable year 2003; provided, however, notwithstanding 26 U.S.C. § 1(f)(3), as used in this subdivision, "consumer price index" means the last Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the U.S. Department of Labor.

* * *

(d)(1) A taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit against the tax imposed under this section of 24 percent of each of the credits allowed against the taxpayer's federal income tax for the taxable year as follows: credit for people who are elderly or permanently totally disabled, investment tax credit attributable to the Vermont-property portion of the investment, and child care and dependent care credits.

* * *

(3) Individuals shall receive a nonrefundable charitable contribution credit against the tax imposed under this section for the taxable year. The credit shall be five percent of the first \$20,000.00 in charitable contributions made during the taxable year that are allowable under 26 U.S.C. § 170. This credit shall be available irrespective of a taxpayer's election not to itemize at the federal level.

* * *

Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § *5828b(a) is amended to read:*

(a) A resident individual or part-year resident individual who is entitled to an earned income tax credit granted under the laws of the United States shall be entitled to a credit against the tax imposed for each year by section 5822 of this title. The credit shall be <u>32</u> <u>36</u> percent of the earned income tax credit granted to the individual under the laws of the United States, multiplied by the percentage which that the individual's earned income that is earned or received during the period of the individual's residency in this State bears to the individual's total earned income. Sec. 5. 32 V.S.A. § 5830e is added to read:

§ 5830e. SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME

The portion of federally taxable Social Security benefits excluded from taxable income under subdivision 5811(21)(B)(iv) of this chapter shall be as follows:

(1) For taxpayers whose filing status is single, married filing separately, head of household, or qualifying widow or widower:

(A) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is less than or equal to \$45,000.00, all federally taxable benefits received under the federal Social Security Act shall be excluded.

(B) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is greater than \$45,000.00 but less than \$55,000.00, the percentage of federally taxable benefits received under the Social Security Act to be excluded shall be proportional to the amount of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income over \$45,000.00, determined by:

(i) subtracting the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer from \$55,000.00;

(ii) dividing the value under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (B) by \$10,000.00; and

(iii) multiplying the value under subdivision (ii) of this subdivision(B) by the federally taxable benefits received under the Social Security Act.

(C) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is equal to or greater than \$55,000.00, no amount of the federally taxable benefits received under the Social Security Act shall be excluded under this section.

(2) For taxpayers whose filing status is married filing jointly:

(A) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is less than or equal to \$60,000.00, all federally taxable benefits received under the Social Security Act shall be excluded.

(B) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is greater than \$60,000.00 but less than \$70,000.00, the percentage of federally taxable benefits received under the Social Security Act to be excluded shall be proportional to the amount of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income over \$60,000.00, determined by:

(i) subtracting the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer from \$70,000.00;

(ii) dividing the value under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (B) by \$10,000.00; and

(iii) multiplying the value under subdivision (ii) of this subdivision(B) by the federally taxable benefits received under the Social Security Act.

(C) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is equal to or greater than \$70,000.00, no amount of the federally taxable benefits received under the Social Security Act shall be excluded under this section.

Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 5813 is amended to read:

§ 5813. STATUTORY PURPOSES

* * *

(w) The statutory purpose of the partial exemption of federally taxable benefits under the Social Security Act in section 5830e of this title is to lessen the tax burden on Vermonters with low to moderate income who derive part of their income from Social Security payments.

(x) The statutory purpose of the charitable contribution credit in subdivision 5822(d)(3) of this title is to reduce the tax liability for Vemonters who contribute to charitable causes.

Sec. 7. 32 V.S.A. § 5824 is amended to read:

§ 5824. ADOPTION OF FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAWS

The statutes of the United States relating to the federal income tax, as in effect for taxable year 2016 on December 31, 2017, but without regard to federal income tax rates under 26 U.S.C. § 1, are hereby adopted for the purpose of computing the tax liability under <u>subchapter 2 of</u> this chapter. For purposes of computing the tax liability for any taxable year under subchapter 3 of this chapter, the statutes of the United States relating to the federal income tax in effect for that taxable year; whether enacted before or after this chapter; are hereby adopted, unless otherwise provided.

* * * Allocation of Education Funds * * *

Sec. 8. 16 V.S.A. § 4025 is amended to read:

§ 4025. EDUCATION FUND

(a) The Education Fund is established to comprise the following:

(1) All <u>all</u> revenue paid to the State from the statewide education tax on nonresidential and homestead property under 32 V.S.A. chapter 135-;

(2) For each fiscal year, the amount of the general funds appropriated and transferred to the Education Fund shall be \$305,900,000.00, to be increased annually beginning for fiscal year 2018 by the consensus Joint Fiscal Office and Administration determination of the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) Implicit Price Deflator for State and Local Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment as reported by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis through the fiscal year for which the payment is being determined, plus an additional onetenth of one percent. [Repealed.]

(3) Revenues revenues from State lotteries under 31 V.S.A. chapter 14_{τ} and from any multijurisdictional lottery game authorized under that chapter.

(4) 25 percent of the revenues from the meals and rooms taxes imposed under 32 V.S.A. chapter 225;

(5) One-third <u>one-third</u> of the revenues raised from the purchase and use tax imposed by 32 V.S.A. chapter 219, notwithstanding 19 V.S.A. § $11(1)_{\overline{\cdot}}$

(6) Thirty-six percent of the revenues raised from the sales and use tax

imposed by 32 V.S.A. chapter 233.,

(7) Medicaid reimbursement funds pursuant to subsection 2959a(f) of this title.

(b) Monies in the Education Fund shall be used for the following:

(1) To make payments to school districts and supervisory unions for the support of education in accordance with the provisions of section 4028 of this title, other provisions of this chapter, and the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 135, to make payments to carry out programs of adult education in accordance with section 945 of this title, and to provide funding for the community high school of Vermont and the Flexible Pathways Initiative established by 16 V.S.A. § 941, but excluding adult education and literacy programs under 16 V.S.A. § 945.

* * *

(3) To make payments required under 32 V.S.A. § 6066(a)(1) and (2) and only that portion attributable to education taxes, as determined by the Commissioner of Taxes, of payments required under 32 V.S.A. § 6066(a)(3)and (4) and -6066(b). The State Treasurer shall withdraw funds from the Education Fund upon warrants issued by the Commissioner of Finance and Management based on information supplied by the Commissioner of Taxes. The Commissioner of Finance and Management may draw warrants for disbursements from the Fund in anticipation of receipts. All balances in the Fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain a part of the Fund. Interest accruing from the Fund shall remain in the Fund.

* * *

(c) An equalization and reappraisal account is established within the Education Fund. Monies from this account are to be used by the Division of Property Valuation and Review to assist towns with maintenance or reappraisal on a case-by-case basis; and for reappraisal and grand list maintenance assistance payments pursuant to 32 V.S.A. §§ 4041a and 5405(f). [Repealed.]

Sec. 9. 32 V.S.A. § 435(b) is amended to read:

(b) The General Fund shall be composed of revenues from the following sources:

* * *

(7) *Meals* <u>75 percent of the meals</u> and rooms taxes levied pursuant to chapter 225 of this title;

* * *

(11) 64 percent of the revenue from sales and use taxes levied pursuant to chapter 233 of this title; [Repealed.]

* * *

Sec. 9a. REPORT

On or before January 1, 2024, the Joint Fiscal Office shall report to the

House Committees on Appropriations and on Ways and Means and the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Finance on the impact of the changes in Secs. 8 and 9 of this act reallocating the revenues generated for the General Fund and Education Fund.

* * * Yield and Nonresidential Rate for Fiscal Year 2019 * * *

Sec. 10. PROPERTY DOLLAR EQUIVALENT YIELD, INCOME

DOLLAR EQUIVALENT YIELD AND NONRESIDENTIAL

RATE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019

(a) Pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402b(b), for fiscal year 2019 only, the property dollar equivalent yield shall be \$10,032.00.

(b) Pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402b(b), for fiscal year 2019 only, the income dollar equivalent yield shall be \$12,135.00.

(c) The nonresidential rate for fiscal year 2019 shall be the statutory default rate of \$1.59 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value under 32 V.S.A. § 5402(a)(2).

Sec. 11. 32 V.S.A. § 5402b(a)(4) is amended to read:

(4) the percentage change in the median average education tax bill applied to nonresidential property, and the percentage change in the median average education tax bill of homestead property, and the percentage change in the median average education tax bill for taxpayers who claim an adjustment under subsection 6066(a) of this title are equal.

* * * Statewide Education Property Tax Bills * * *Sec. 12. 32 V.S.A. § 5402(b) is amended to read:

(b) The statewide education tax shall be calculated as follows:

* * *

(2) Taxes assessed under this section shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as taxes assessed under chapter 133 of this title with no tax classification other than as homestead or nonresidential property; provided, however, that the tax levied under this chapter shall be billed to each taxpayer by the municipality in a manner that clearly indicates the tax is separate from any other tax assessed and collected under chapter 133, including an itemization of the separate taxes due. The bill may be on a single sheet of paper with the statewide education tax and other taxes presented separately and side by side.

* * *

Sec. 13. 32 *V.S.A.* § 6066a(*f*) *is amended to read:*

(f) Property tax bills.

(1) For taxpayers and amounts stated in the notice to towns on July 1, municipalities shall create and send to taxpayers a homestead property tax bill, instead of the bill required under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of this title, providing the total amount allocated to payment of homestead education property tax liabilities and notice of the balance due. <u>Nothing in this</u>

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subdivision, however, shall be interpreted as altering the requirement under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of this title that the statewide education homestead tax be billed in a manner that is stated clearly and separately from any other tax. Municipalities shall apply the amount allocated under this chapter to currentyear property taxes in equal amounts to each of the taxpayers' property tax installments that include education taxes. Notwithstanding section 4772 of this title, if a town issues a corrected bill as a result of the November 1 notice sent by the Commissioner under subsection (a) of this section, issuance of such the corrected new bill does not extend the time for payment of the original bill, nor relieve the taxpayer of any interest or penalties associated with the original bill. If the corrected bill is less than the original bill, and there are also no unpaid eurrent year current-year taxes, interest_k or penalties and no past year past-year delinquent taxes or penalties and interest charges, any overpayment shall be reflected on the corrected tax bill and refunded to the taxpayer.

* * * Property Tax Adjustments * * *

* * *

Sec. 14. 32 V.S.A. § 6066 is amended to read:

§ 6066. COMPUTATION OF ADJUSTMENT

(a) An eligible claimant who owned the homestead on April 1 of the year in which the claim is filed shall be entitled to an adjustment amount determined as follows:

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(1)(A) For a claimant with household income of \$90,000.00 or more:

(i) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year;

(ii) minus (if less) the sum of:

(I) the income percentage of household income for the taxable year; plus

(II) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$250,000.00 (\$200,000.00.

(B) For a claimant with household income of less than \$90,000.00 but more than \$47,000.00, the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year, minus (if less) the sum of:

(i) the income percentage of household income for the taxable year; plus

(ii) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$500,000.00 \$400,000.00.

(C) For a claimant whose household income does not exceed \$47,000.00, the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year, minus the lesser of:

(i) the sum of the income percentage of household income for the

taxable year plus the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$500,000.00\$400,000.00; or

(ii) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year reduced by \$15,000.00.

* * *

(3) A claimant whose household income does not exceed \$47,000.00 shall also be entitled to an additional adjustment amount from the claimant's <u>municipal taxes for the upcoming fiscal year that is</u> equal to the amount by which the <u>municipal</u> property taxes for the municipal fiscal year which that began in the taxable year upon the claimant's housesite, reduced by the adjustment amount determined under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, exceeds a percentage of the claimant's household income for the taxable year as follows:

If household income (rounded to	then the taxpayer is entitled to
the nearest dollar) is:	credit for the reduced property tax in
	excess of this percent of that income:

\$0.00 - 9,999.00	2.0 <u>1.50</u>
\$10,000.00 - 24,999.00	4.5
\$25,000.00 - 47,000.00	5.0
<u>\$10,000.00 - 47,000.00</u>	<u>3.00</u>

(4) A claimant whose household income does not exceed \$47,000.00 shall also be entitled to an additional adjustment amount from the claimant's statewide education tax for the upcoming fiscal year that is equal to the amount by which the education property tax for the municipal fiscal year that began in the taxable year upon the claimant's housesite, reduced by the adjustment amount determined under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, exceeds a percentage of the claimant's household income for the taxable year as follows:

If household income (rounded to	then the taxpayer is entitled to
the nearest dollar) is:	credit for the reduced property tax in
	excess of this percent of that income:
<u>\$0.00 - 9,999.00</u>	<u>0.5</u>

<u>\$10,000.00 - 24,999.00</u>	
\$25,000.00 - 47,000.00	

(4)(5) In no event shall the credit provided for in subdivision (3) or (4) of this subsection exceed the amount of the reduced property tax. The adjustments under subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection shall be calculated considering only the tax due on the first \$400,000.00 in equalized housesite value.

1.5

2.0

* * *

Sec. 14a. 32 V.S.A. § 6067 is amended to read:

§ 6067. CREDIT LIMITATIONS

Only one individual per household per taxable year shall be entitled to a benefit under this chapter. An individual who received a homestead exemption or adjustment with respect to property taxes assessed by another state for the taxable year shall not be entitled to receive an adjustment under this chapter. No taxpayer shall receive an adjustment under subsection 6066(b) of this title in excess of \$3,000.00. No taxpayer shall receive total adjustments under this chapter this chapter in excess of \$8,000.00 related to any one property tax year an adjustment under 6066(a)(3) of this title greater than \$2,400.00 or cumulative adjustment under 6066(a)(1)-(2) and (4) of this title greater than \$5,600.00.

* * * Vermont Tax Structure Commission * * * Sec. 15. VERMONT TAX STRUCTURE COMMISSION

(a) There is hereby established the Vermont Tax Structure Commission composed of three to five members to be selected as follows:

(1) the Speaker of the House, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Governor shall each appoint one member; and

(2) the three members appointed pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection may select one or two additional members, based on a majority vote.

(b) The Commission shall be appointed as soon as possible after the effective date of this act. The Commission shall elect a chair and a vice chair

from among its members.

(c) The Commission shall prepare a structural analysis of the State's revenue system and offer recommendations for improvements and modernization and provide a long-term vision for the tax structure. The Commission's analysis shall include a review of Vermont's income taxes, consumption-based taxes, the education financing system, tax expenditures, and property and asset-based taxes. The Commission shall have as its goal a tax system that provides sustainability, appropriateness, and equity. For guidance, the Commission may use the Principles of a High-Quality State Revenue System as prepared by the National Conference of State Legislatures. A high-quality revenue system:

(1) Comprises elements that are complementary, including the finances of both state and local governments.

(2) Produces revenue in a reliable manner. Reliability involves stability, certainty, and sufficiency.

(3) Relies on a balanced variety of revenue sources.

(4) Treats individuals equitably. Minimum requirements of an equitable system are that it imposes similar tax burdens on people in similar circumstances, it minimizes regressivity, and it minimizes taxes on individuals with low income.

(5) Facilitates taxpayer compliance. It is easy to understand and

minimizes compliance costs.

(6) Promotes fair, efficient, and effective administration. It is as simple as possible to administer, raises revenue efficiently, is administered professionally, and is applied uniformly.

(7) Is responsive to interstate and international economic competition.

(8) Minimizes its involvement in spending decisions and makes any such involvement explicit.

(9) Is accountable to taxpayers.

(d) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the work of the Commission not supplant or delay the normal Legislative and Executive Branch review and alteration of tax and revenue issues under State law.

(e) The Commission shall begin its work by:

(1) updating and incorporating the relevant work of the Blue Ribbon Tax Structure Commission created by the 2009 S.S. Acts and Resolves, No. 1;

(2) updating and incorporating work from the existing studies of Vermont's education finance system since the enactment of the 1998 Acts and Resolves, No. 60 and 2004 Acts and Resolves, No. 68;

(f) The Commission shall submit a two-year work plan and budget to the Joint Fiscal Committee, the Senate Committee on Finance, and the House Committee on Ways and Means by February 15, 2019. The work plan shall outline the work the Commission intends to complete in its review of Vermont's income taxes, consumption-based taxes, education financing system, tax expenditures, and property and asset-based taxes. The final report of the Commission shall be made to the General Assembly on or before January 15, 2021.

(g) The Commission shall receive technical support from the Department of Taxes, the legislative Joint Fiscal Office, and consultants.

(h) The Joint Fiscal Office with the assistance of the Legislative Council and the Department of Taxes may contract with one or more consultants or hire a limited service position to provide assistance with achieving the goals for the Commission. The consultants shall have extensive experience with state tax systems and shall have participated in at least one other study of a state tax system.

(i) Members of the Commission shall be entitled to compensation as provided under 32 V.S.A. § 1010.

* * * JFO Report * * *

Sec. 16. 24 V.S.A. § 1892(g) is amended to read:

(g) Beginning in 2019 and annually 2021 and every four years thereafter, on or before January 15 of each year, the Joint Fiscal Office, with the assistance of the consulting Legislative Economist, the Department of Taxes, and the Agency of Commerce and Community Development in consultation with the Vermont Economic Progress Council, shall examine the recommendations and conclusions of the tax increment financing capacity study and report created pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, and shall submit to the Emergency Board and to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development and on Ways and Means and the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Finance an updated summary report that includes:

* * *

* * * Staff-to-Student Ratios Task Force * * * Sec. 17. STAFF-TO-STUDENT RATIOS TASK FORCE

(a) Creation. There is created the Staff-to-Student Ratios Task Force, a collaborative effort among government, nonprofit organizations, research experts, and other education stakeholders, that will strive best to ensure education quality while simultaneously ensuring fiscal efficiency in the context of the State's declining student population. Specifically, the Task Force is charged with:

(1) reviewing current staff-to-student count ratios for specific categories of schools and school district configurations, and establishing optimal target ratios for different school district configurations;

(2) identifying barriers that hamper staffing flexibility at the local level, including whether aspects of the regulatory environment, including mandatory staffing requirements and collective bargaining or other contractual obligations, contribute to lower staff-to-student ratios;

(3) aligning to the greatest extent possible the work of the Task Force with existing research findings and reports, based on studies conducted either nationally or in New England, concerning optimal classroom practices and resources, and class and school sizes for successful learning outcomes, and the impact of population decline on rural schools;

(4) attending to compliance with federal rules and regulations, so as to avoid jeopardizing the State's federal funding;

(5) determining a mechanism or mechanisms that account for the effects of familial and community level poverty and human services need, including student experiences of trauma and familial or community level addiction, on staffing ratios;

(6) considering the impact on staff-to-student ratios due to students' enrollment with independent schools; and

(7) developing recommended strategies for districts to help them meet targets.

(b) Membership. The Task Force shall be composed of the following members:

(1) the Secretary of Education or designee;

(2) the Executive Director of the Vermont Superintendents Association or designee; (3) the Executive Director of the Vermont School Boards Association or designee;

(4) the Executive Director of the Vermont Principals' Association or designee;

(5) the Executive Director of the Vermont-National Education Association or designee;

(6) one member selected by the Vermont Association of School Business Officials;

(7) two to four members from Vermont postsecondary institutions, selected by the Task Force, who have expertise in areas among the following: multi-age classrooms and teaching strategies, interdisciplinary instruction, school realignment and reconfiguration, and the impact of community poverty, trauma, or addiction on education staffing; and

(8) a national expert in rural education, selected by the Task Force.

(c) The Task Force shall have technical assistance from the Agency of Education.

(d) Report. On or before December 15, 2018, the Task Force shall present to the House and Senate Committees on Education its findings concerning optimum staff-to-student ratios, including optimum ratios for a variety of school and school district sizes and configurations. The Task Force shall include in its report a recommendation as to whether staff-to-student target ratios should be included in statute for fiscal year 2021.

(e) Meetings.

(1) The Secretary of Education or designee shall call the first meeting of the Task Force to occur on or before July 1, 2018.

(2) The Task Force shall select a chair from among its members at the first meeting.

(3) The Task Force shall cease to exist on December 31, 2018.

(f) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Task Force who are not employees of the State of Vermont and who are not otherwise compensated or reimbursed for their attendance shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than ten meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Agency of Education.

(g) Appropriation. The sum of \$7,320.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Agency of Education to provide funding for the purposes set forth in this section.

* * * Effective Dates; Transition * * *

Sec. 18. EFFECTIVE DATES AND TRANSITION

This act shall take effect on passage, except:

(1) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Secs. 1–6 (income tax changes) shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2018 and apply to taxable year

2018 and after.

(2) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 7 (income tax link to the federal tax statutes) shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2018 and apply to taxable years beginning on January 1, 2017 and after.

(3) Sec. 8–9 (General Fund and Education Fund revenues) shall take effect July 2, 2018, and apply to fiscal year 2019 and after. It is the intent of the General Assembly that the changes in Secs. 8 and 9 of this Act shall take effect notwithstanding any provisions passed in H.924 to the contrary.

(4) Secs. 10 (yields for fiscal year 2019) and 12–13 (property tax bill

requirements) shall take effect on July 1, 2018 and apply to fiscal year 2019.

(5) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 14 (calculation of property tax

adjustments) shall take effect retroactively to the taxable year starting

January 1, 2017 and apply to property tax adjustment claims filed for fiscal

year 2019 (claim year 2018) and after.